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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION		
10/511,777	10/18/2004	Hans-Joachim Mussig	536-009.12 6619		
4955	7590 07/14/2005		EXAMINER		
	ESSOLA VAN DER SI	HA, NGUYEN T			
ADOLPHSO BRADFORI	ON, LLP O GREEN BUILDING 5	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
	STREET, P O BOX 224	2831			
MONROE, CT 06468			DATE MAILED: 07/14/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Application N	10.	Applicant(s)				
		10/511,777		MUSSIG, HANS-JOACHIM				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Nguyen T. Ha		2831				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period tree to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statustic to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statustic to reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, h ply within the statutory d will apply and will exp te, cause the application	nowever, may a reply be time minimum of thirty (30) days bire SIX (6) MONTHS from to ton to become ABANDONED	ely filed will be considered timely. the mailing date of this com 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).	munication.			
Status								
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 (October 2004.						
·	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examin	ier.						
10)	10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Inforr	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 r No(s)/Mail Date 1004.	5) [Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Dal Notice of Informal Pa Other:	te	152)			

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claim 1 is objected to because of the following informalities: on page 4, claim 1, line 5, "electrode (2, 3)" should change to - - electrodes (1, 3)- -.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kwong et al. (US 5,578,848) in view of Osten (US 2003/0193061).

Regarding claim 1, Kwong et al. disclose a semiconductor capacitor having a first semiconductor layer which forms a first capacitor electrode (10) and which includes silicon, a second capacitor electrode (12) and a capacitor dielectric (18) therebetween the capacitor electrodes, and at least the first semiconductor layer including silicon is a first thin intermediate layer (14) serving as a diffusion barrier for oxygen.

Kwong et al. fail to disclose the dielectric including praseodymium oxide.

Osten teaches a dielectric contains praseodymium oxide (page 5, claim 8).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the dielectric as taught by Osten in Kwong et al., in order to increase the values of the leakage current density.

Application/Control Number: 10/511,777

Art Unit: 2831

Regarding claim 2, Kwong et al. disclose the first thin intermediate layer includes oxynitride (column 1, lines 51-54).

Regarding claim 3, the teaching of Kwong in view of Osten includes all the claimed limitation discussed above with respect to claim 1, except for the thickness of the first thin intermediate layer is 0.5 nm or less. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the thickness of the first thin intermediate layer is 0.5 nm or less, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable range involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.*

Regarding claim 4, Kwong et al. disclose the second capacitor electrode is formed from a second semiconductor layer and there is a second thin intermediate layer (16) between the second semiconductor layer and the capacitor dielectric and the second semiconductor layer includes praseodymium (figure 1).

Regarding claim 5, Kwong et al. disclose the second thin intermediate layer includes oxynitride (column 1, lines 51-54).

Regarding claim 6, Kwong et al. disclose the second thin intermediate layer includes silicon oxide (see, abstract).

Regarding claim 7, the teaching of Kwong in view of Osten includes all the claimed limitation discussed above with respect to claim 4, except for the thickness of the first thin intermediate layer is 0.5 nm or less. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the thickness of the first thin intermediate layer is 0.5 nm or less, since it has been held that where the

Application/Control Number: 10/511,777

Art Unit: 2831

general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable range involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.*

Regarding claim 8, it is inherent that the oxynitride as taught by Kwong et al. of the first or the second thin intermediate layer has a concentration ratio of oxygen to nitrogen of 1 : 1.

Regarding claim 9, Kwong et al. disclose a memory cell for dynamic random access memory, which includes a semiconductor capacitor (column 2, lines 62-64).

Regarding claim 10, Kwong et al. disclose a field effect transistor comprising a substrate, a gate oxide layer and a gate electrode which includes a semiconductor capacitor, wherein the substrate forms the first capacitor electrode, the gate electrode forms the second capacitor electrode and the gate oxide forms the capacitor dielectric (figures 1-2).

Regarding claim 11, it is inherent that the oxynitride as taught by Kwong et al. of the first or the second thin intermediate layer has a concentration ratio of oxygen to nitrogen of 1:1.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nguyen T. Ha whose telephone number is 571-272-1974. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:30AM to 6:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dean Reichard can be reached on 571-272-2800 ext. 31. The fax phone

Application/Control Number: 10/511,777 Page 5

Art Unit: 2831

number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Nguyen T. Ha July 8, 2005